

Celyad

Gaining value on stable disease observations

The development of Celyad's natural killer (NK) receptor-based CAR T-cell therapy (NKR-2/CYAD-01) has taken an important step with the initiation of the SHRINK trial, which moves NK CAR T-cell therapy towards the 90%+ of cancer patients who do not have CD19 or BCMA tumours. CYAD-01 is already being tested in THINK with five solid tumour types plus AML and MM. Promising THINK results have been reported at the lowest dose. Celyad has paid \$25m in cash and shares to reduce the royalties payable on potential short-term deals and long-term sales. Our indicative value of Celyad has been revised to €524m or €51.6 per share.

Year end	Revenue (€m)	PBT* (€m)	EPS* (€)	DPS (€)	P/E (x)	Yield (%)
12/15	0.00	(27.60)	(3.17)	0.0	N/A	N/A
12/16	8.52	(22.83)	(2.09)	0.0	N/A	N/A
12/17e	8.28	(27.23)	(2.86)	0.0	N/A	N/A
12/18e	9.00	(25.21)	(2.65)	0.0	N/A	N/A

Note: *PBT and EPS are normalised, excluding amortisation of acquired intangibles, exceptional items and share-based payments.

THINK: Two stable disease cases and revised deal

Celyad is running the large Belgian and US immuno-oncology autologous CYAD-01 THINK trial. Celyad has reported two cases of stable disease after three months at the first 3×10^8 dose level in previously progressing colorectal patients. The second 1×10^9 dose cohort is currently being treated. Overall data (six-month) are possible in H218. Tumours showing efficacy could then move into expanded studies allowing BLA filings from 2020.

SHRINK: Real world solid tumour therapy

Current leading CAR T-cell approaches like the CD19 and BCMA target a restricted patient population. Yet over 90% of US cancer patients have solid tumours, usually treated with chemotherapy. In SHRINK, Celyad will give CYAD-01 a few days after FOLFOX chemotherapy to colorectal patients with potentially resectable liver metastases. This important trial will evaluate if CYAD-01 is synergistic with chemotherapy and explore the optimal dose and timing.

Valuation: Revised to €524m

Celyad has a leading position in solid cancer therapy and has renegotiated the NK CAR T-cell licensing deals, paying \$12.5m cash plus \$12.5m in shares to reduce the amounts payable. We have increased the indicative value by this amount. The deal will give more cash from near-term deals, perhaps on allogeneic technology, and increase longer-term cash flows. The probability of the colorectal indication has been increased from 10% to 20% reflecting the new observations. Other small adjustments have also been made. The indicative value estimated by Edison on one solid cancer plus AML and MM is therefore revised to €524m (US\$616m) (formerly €497m) indicating €51.60 (US\$61) per share (formerly €52.25). As a scenario, if all five current solid cancer indications are included, the value would be €1.3bn (US\$1.5bn) and €130/share (US\$153) before dilution. We estimate that Celyad has cash into 2019.

New trial and reshaped deal

Pharma & biotech

14 August 2017

Price €35.61

Market cap €339m

\$1.18/€

Cash (€m) at 31 March 2017 72.4

Shares in issue (2nd August 2017) 9.53m

Free float 61%

Code CYAD

Primary exchange Euronext Brussels

Secondary exchange NASDAQ

Share price performance



% 1m 3m 12m

Abs 1.9 (6.3) 58.9

Rel (local) 0.8 (3.0) 45.3

52-week high/low €42.8 €14.8

Business description

Celyad is developing an innovative CAR T-cell (NKR-2) immuno-oncology technology. The THINK Phase Ib study is underway in haematological and five solid tumour types. SHRINK is approved to enrol patients. Celyad is seeking a strategic partner for C-Cure for chronic heart disease.

Next events

Start of LINK Q317

H117 results Q317

Analysts

John Savin PhD +44 (0)20 3077 5735

Dan Wilkinson +44 (0)20 3077 5734

healthcare@edisongroup.com

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THINK

The THERapeutic Immunotherapy with NKR-2 (THINK) study ([NCT03018405](#)) is an open-label, multiple-dose US and European study currently in a dose escalation phase. It is assessing at higher dose levels the safety and clinical activity of autologous NKR-2 CAR T-cells (CYAD-01) in seven refractory cancers: the two haematological cancers with Phase I data (AML and MM) and five solid tumours (colorectal, ovarian, bladder, triple-negative breast, and pancreatic).

The trial is testing three dose levels: 3×10^8 cells (completed), 1×10^9 cells (currently being treated) and 3×10^9 cells. At each dose, a patient receives three successive administrations, two weeks apart, of CYAD-01. It is likely that the highest dose will be needed as Celyad does not use a preconditioning regimen – that is patients are not given a cytotoxic therapy that ablates existing immune cells. The avoidance of preconditioning is based on preclinical work published by Professor Sentman at Dartmouth College who originated the NKG2D CAR T-cell therapy.

Use of preconditioning in B-cell cancers allows the infused CAR T-cells to grow rapidly and become, for a while, a high proportion of the T-cells. As the tumour regresses and normal T-cells recover, the proportion of CAR T-cells drops rapidly. Without preconditioning, the NK CAR T-cells will remain as a small proportion of the overall T-cell population.

However, as noted in the July 2017 Novartis FDA advisory committee presentation on CD19 therapy in paediatric ALL, there were no specific markers or dose response correlations with patient responses.

A key aspect of NK CAR T-cell therapy is its ability to recruit an endogenous T-cell response against the cancer. This could enable successful long-term immune control of the cancer. It is also notable that, so far, NK CAR T-cell therapy has been free of common side effects seen with B-cell targeted CAR T-cells like cytokine release syndrome (CRS) and neurotoxicity (NT). This might be due to the lack of preconditioning, which limits the expansion of the NK CAR T-cells. However, as noted, CRS and NT side effects did not correlate with response in CD19 CAR therapy.

So far, Celyad has seen stable disease over three months in two colorectal patients treated at the lowest dose. There was a previous stable disease response in an AML patient in the previous study at a lower dose still. Note that in solid cancer, the use of any CAR T-cell therapy is experimental and response rates are potentially different to those seen in more tractable B-cell cancers.

Trial design

The dose escalation part of the study will enrol up to 24 patients. Specifically, the trial is split into haematological and solid tumour arms with 12 patients each. The dose escalation cohorts are of three patients dosed sequentially. If a dose-limiting toxicity is noted, a fourth patient is tested at that dose, otherwise the next dose is tested. At the highest tolerated dose, a further three patients are tested to confirm safety. Overall six-month dose data are possible in H218. The two-year primary endpoint data could be due in mid-2020. However, there should be no delay in starting the expansion of different cancer types in H218. In the expansion stage, individual cancer types will be recruited with up to five solid cancer arms plus two possible haematological arms. This phase requires 14 patients per cancer: 98 in total made of 86 further patients plus the 12 at the highest dose cohort. As safety will have been shown by this stage, patients can be dosed as they are enrolled rather than sequentially as at present. This will potentially speed up the trial, perhaps allow further expansion of some indications and therefore lead potentially to BLA filings.

The SHRINK study starts

The Celyad natural killer (NKG2D) receptor CAR T-cell approach, CYAD-01, targets the ubiquitous stress ligands expressed by many cancers. These stress ligands are upregulated in response to chemotherapy. However, they are also expressed by normal cells exposed to toxic agents, if only for a short period. Chemotherapy might make the tumour more stressed and so more susceptible to CYAD-01 targeting. It might also expose some normal tissues to CYAD-01 so timing of dosing is important to allow enough normal tissue recovery post chemotherapy. In the real world, most solid cancer patients will receive chemotherapy and knowing how to combine standard chemotherapy with CAR T-cell therapy is crucial. If it proves to be synergistic, it would be a major cancer therapy breakthrough as most chemotherapy regimens show limited survival gains in a minority of patients.

In SHRINK, CYAD-01 doses will be adjusted to body weight and escalate from 3×10^8 to 1×10^9 to 3×10^9 cells. Patients will receive three CYAD-01 doses two weeks apart. The dose escalation phase will be 18 patients (six/cohort) with 21 in any expansion phase. The trial is being run in Belgium. It has not yet been posted on the clinical trials databases but is approved by the Belgium regulator.

The patients enrolled will suffer from colorectal cancer with potentially resectable liver metastases. These patients routinely receive FOLFOX chemotherapy. FOLFOX is a combination of folinic acid (leucovorin), fluorouracil (5FU) and Oxaliplatin. About 20-30% of colorectal cancer cases are found to have metastatic disease on diagnosis. FOLFOX is not a regimen that targets the immune system, unlike the preconditioning regimen used in B-cell CAR T-cell therapies. We would therefore not expect to see dramatic immediate effects of adding CAR T-cell therapy. FOLFOX is effective at shrinking tumours and multiple treatments are given. Shorter endpoints are likely to be used in initial studies. Overall survival will be crucial for widespread use, but will take some years to determine as FOLFOX gives median overall survival of about two years vs six months on supportive care.

Reshaping the Celdara and Dartmouth licensing deals

On 4 August 2017, Celyad announced that it was paying \$25m in cash and shares to receive an "increased share of future revenues" generated by intellectual property licensed from Dartmouth College. The NK CAR T-cell IP was originally licensed in 2010 by OnCyte, a subsidiary of Celdara LLC, a US private venture company. Celyad acquired OnCyte in 2015 from Celdara. The value is being paid as \$12.5m cash and \$12.5m in shares at €32.35/share, a 14% premium.

Exhibit 1: Celyad agreements with Celdara and Dartmouth College

Date and agreement	Terms disclosed
Dartmouth College and Celdara	In January 2015, Celyad bought all the shares in OnCyte, LLC from Celdara Medical, LLC, for \$10m and purchased all the assets including the licence agreements between Celdara and Dartmouth College, related to CAR T-cell therapy. Celyad agreed to milestone payments to Celdara of up to \$40.0m for clinical products and of up to \$36.5m for pre-clinical products, as well as sales-based milestone payments of up to \$80m. Celdara was to receive a tiered single-digit royalty on sales of CAR T-cell products for either 10 years for the first sale or until the last patent expires if later. This agreement has now been modified.
2010 Dartmouth Licence Agreement on NK CAR T-cell	Under the April 2010 agreement between Celdara and Dartmouth College (amended in February 2012, July 2013 and January 2015), now owned by Celyad, Dartmouth granted an exclusive, worldwide, royalty-bearing licence to patents on NK and NKP30 receptor CAR T-cell cancer therapeutics. The licence also covered T-cell receptor-deficient T-cells for allogeneic therapies (now licensed non-exclusively to Novartis). There was an annual licence fee of \$20k and a low single-digit royalty with minimum obligations beginning 30 April 2024. Celyad also pays a tiered percentage of sublicensing income ranging from the mid-single digits to the mid-teens depending on the deal terms. Celyad also makes milestone payments up to \$1.5m.
2014 Agreement on anti-B7-H6 antibodies	Under the exclusive licence agreement with Dartmouth entered into in June 2014 (amended January 2015), Dartmouth granted Celyad an exclusive, worldwide, royalty-bearing licence under certain know-how and patent rights to an anti-B7-H6 antibody and fusion proteins.
Source: Adapted by Edison from SEC filing F1/A June 2015	

Valuation

To reflect the change in expected revenues, we have made two major adjustments:

- Edison assumes that the NPV added due to the Celdara and Dartmouth College deal is the same as the payment of US\$25m. The overall indicative value has therefore been increased by this amount. As the information on the deal structure is in outline only (Exhibit 1) and in any case affected by the relatively low probability adjustments used in the current CYAD-01 clinical studies, it is not possible to make precise value adjustments.
- The other major adjustment is to the CYAD-01 colorectal probability, Exhibit 2. This was 10% as there was no preclinical model available. As there have been stable disease responses reported and as the SHRINK study targets metastatic colorectal cancer, Edison has aligned the probability with ovarian cancer to 20%. Note that the stable disease finding cannot be statistically validated as the two cases occurred in an open-label dose ranging study.

Exhibit 2: Revised CYAD-01 NPV estimates						
Indication	US deaths	Peak share	Potential sales US\$m	Probability	NPV (US)	Global €m
AML	10,460	50%	638	20%	95	119
MM	11,240	50%	686	20%	102	128
Total			1,324			248
Colorectal	50,310	36%	2,721	20%	334	420
Ovarian	14,180	69%	1,464	20%	183	230
Bladder	16,390	69%	1,692	10%	106	133
Breast	40,000	36%	2,163	10%	133	167
Pancreatic	39,590	69%	4,086	5%	128	161
Total solid tumours			12,125		883	1,110
Weighted average of one solid tumour						202
Source: Edison Investment Research						

There are two technical adjustments:

- The exchange rate used formerly was US\$1.06/€. The current rate now used is US\$1.176/€, therefore decreasing the value in euro terms. The major market expected is the US.
- The number of share was 9.53m by 2 August after some options were exercised. The issue of 328.6k new shares (calculated by Edison) in relation to the Celdara and Dartmouth College \$12.5m equity payment will take the total number to 9.86m. The shares in the deal will be issued at a 14% premium at €32.35 but only cause 3.4% of dilution.

This gives a revised indicative value estimated by Edison of €524m (US\$616m), formerly €497m, implying €51.6 (US\$61) per share, formerly €52.25, Exhibit 3. This is based on only one solid indication reaching the market. This is very cautious as these estimates are already risk-adjusted.

Exhibit 3: Revised value estimate			
Item	Indication	Probability	Value (€m)
CAR values	AML	20.0%	107.60
	MM	20.0%	115.62
	Solid tumours (wieghted average of one success)	Variable	202.29
	Allogeneic		50.00
CAR value			475.51
C-Cure partnered value (milestones plus royalties)		35.0%	162.44
Net operating costs	(Risk adjusted 2017-23)		(135.12)
Additional royalties			21.26
Total indicative value			524.09
Shares (m)			9.86
Warrants and options (m)			0.30
Core value per share (€)			51.58
Source: Edison Investment Research			

As a scenario, if all five current solid indications are included, the value would be €1.3bn (US\$1.5bn) and €130 per share (US\$153); note that developing, producing and marketing five solid CAR T-cell cancer indications would require extra capital, implying substantial dilution. The C-Cure cardiac therapy value of €162m requires a partner to fund the CHART-2 study needed.

Exhibit 4: Financial summary

	€000s	2015	2016	2017e	2018e
Year end 31 December		IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS
PROFIT & LOSS					
Revenue		3	8,523	8,280	9,000
Cost of Sales		(1)	(53)	0	0
Gross Profit		2	8,470	8,280	9,000
EBITDA		(27,844)	(24,065)	(26,720)	(24,700)
Operating Profit (before amort and except)		(28,117)	(24,825)	(27,480)	(25,460)
Intangible Amortisation		(760)	(756)	(756)	(756)
Other income and charges		0	(521)	0	0
Share-based payments		(795)	493	0	0
Operating Profit		(29,672)	(25,609)	(28,236)	(26,216)
Net Interest		558	1,997	250	250
Profit Before Tax (norm)		(27,559)	(22,828)	(27,230)	(25,210)
Profit Before Tax (FRS 3)		(29,114)	(23,612)	(27,986)	(25,966)
Tax		0	6	0	0
Profit After Tax (norm)		(27,559)	(19,482)	(27,230)	(25,210)
Profit After Tax (FRS 3)		(29,114)	(23,606)	(27,986)	(25,966)
Average Number of Shares Outstanding (m)		8.7	9.3	9.5	9.5
EPS – normalised (c)		(317)	(209)	(286)	(265)
EPS – (IFRS) (€)		(3.35)	(2.54)	(2.94)	(2.73)
Dividend per share (c)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gross Margin (%)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
EBITDA Margin (%)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating Margin (before GW and except) (%)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BALANCE SHEET					
Fixed Assets		50,105	53,440	73,333	71,967
Intangible Assets		48,789	49,566	70,069	69,313
Tangible Assets		1,136	3,563	2,953	2,343
Investments		180	311	311	311
Current Assets		109,420	85,366	47,007	21,293
Stocks		0	0	0	0
Debtors		549	1,359	1,359	1,359
Cash (cash plus deposits)		107,513	82,587	44,228	18,514
Other		1,358	1,420	1,420	1,420
Current Liabilities		(11,490)	(11,275)	(11,017)	(10,487)
Creditors		(10,592)	(9,960)	(9,960)	(9,960)
Deferred revenue		0	0	0	0
Walloon loans and bank loan		(898)	(1,315)	(1,057)	(527)
Long Term Liabilities		(36,561)	(36,646)	(35,796)	(35,212)
Loans (non-current) Bank and Walloon		(10,484)	(7,866)	(7,016)	(6,166)
Other long term liabilities		(26,077)	(28,780)	(28,780)	(29,046)
Net Assets		111,474	90,885	73,526	47,561
CASH FLOW					
Operating Cash Flow		(27,862)	(26,689)	(27,192)	(24,578)
Net Interest		558	1,997	861	264
Tax		0	0	0	0
Capex		(838)	(1,782)	(21,409)	(150)
Acquisitions/disposals		(5,186)	(1,561)	0	0
Financing		109,155	0	10,629	0
Dividends		0	0	0	0
Other		(3,287)	3,109	(1,249)	(1,249)
Net Cash Flow		72,540	(24,926)	(38,359)	(25,713)
Opening net debt/(cash)		(16,078)	(96,131)	(73,406)	(36,155)
HP finance leases initiated		0	0	0	0
Loan and finance movements		7,513	2,201	1,108	1,380
Closing net debt/(cash)		(96,131)	(73,406)	(36,155)	(11,822)

Source: Edison Investment Research estimates, Celyad reports and announcements. Note: The \$25m 2017 payment is treated as an intangible asset expected to be amortised against sales income. The equity component is shown as an equity investment. The actual accounting treatment by Celyad may differ.

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